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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/831,566	05/10/2001	Manfred T. Reetz	STUDIEN 282-	6932
7:	590 09/26/2002			
Norris McLaughlin & Marcus 220 East 42nd Street 30th Floor			EXAMINER	
New York, NY			LOVERING, RICHARD D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1712	10
			DATE MAILED: 09/26/2002	0

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Applicant(s)  Group Art Unit  [7]2  et beneath the correspondence address—  MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE  evever, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS  ininimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  From the mailing date of this communication  in to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Prosecution as to the merits is closed in  213.
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is/are pending in the application.
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☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413
□ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152
□ Other

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 21-24, 26-30, 32, 33, 35 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Moumen et al. "New Syntheses of Cobalt Ferrite Particles in the Range of 2-5 nm . . ." Chem. Mater. 1996, 8, 1128-1134, esp. Abstract; and page 1129, II. Experimental Synthesis.
- 4. Claim 36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moumen et al. above. The especially pertinent portions of Moumen et al. are pointed out in the preceding paragraph. While Moumen et al. may not disclose conducting their

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process at a temperature between 50 and 90°C, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time applicants' invention was made to do so to increase the rate of hydrolysis and/or condensation. It is well-settled that choice of a suitable or optimum temperature, absent a showing of criticality, is within the expected skill of a worker in the art. See <u>In realler et al.</u>, 220 F. 2d 454; 105 USPQ 233.

- 5. Claims 21, 22 and 26 are rejected under 35 U:S.C. §

  102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Reetz et al.

  "Nanostrukierte Metalloxidcluster . . . ", Angewandte Chemie, Bd.
- 108, Nr. 18, 1996, Seiten 2228-2230; XP 002134516.
- 6. Claims 21-24, 26-30, 32-35, and 37-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Bonnemann et al. WO 96/17685, esp. Examples 5, 6 and 8-10.
- 7. Claim 36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonnemann et al. above.

The especially pertinent portions of Bonnemann et al. are pointed out in the preceding paragraph. While Bonnemann et al. may not disclose conducting their process at a temperature between 50 and 90°C, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time applicants' invention was made to do so to increase the rate of hydrolysis and/or condensation. It is well-settled that choice of a suitable or optimum temperature, absent

worker in the art. See the above-cited Aller et al. decision.

8. Claims 42 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

- 8. Claims 42 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonnemann et al. WO 96/17685 in view of Day et al. 4,197,187. The especially pertinent portions of Bonnemann et al. are pointed out in paragraph 6 above. While Bonnemann et al. don't specifically disclose incorporating their metallic oxide or metallic colloids into sol-gel supports, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time applicants' invention was made to use a sol-gel alumina of Day et al. Example as the support in the process of Bonnemann et al. in lieu of their carbon support to realize the advantages pointed out by Day et al. (column 4, lines 46-68) i.e., better selectivity and improved yields in use in hydrocarbon conversion. Note that Bonnemann et al. (page 6, lines 6-11) contemplate the use of metal oxide carriers.
- 9. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

10. Claims 21-25, 27-31 and 33-45 are rejected under 35
U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while

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being enabling for amphiphilic betaines, cationic surfactants, anionic surfactants, nonionic surfactants and water-soluble polymers as the "water-soluble additive", does not reasonably provide enablement for water-soluble UV absorbers. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. Applicants disclose only the above-specified ingredients as possible stabilizers (specification page 6, line 19 - page 7, line 3); and water-soluble UV absorbers would not impart the stability required by applicants.

11. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

12. Claim 39 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicants regard as the invention.

Claim 39 recites a Markush group which is not considered proper for the reasons that it is indefinite as to scope and incomplete as to its membership in reciting "or" instead of --and--.

- 13. In claim 26, line 2, "betains" should be changed to --betaines--; in claim 32, first line, "betains" should be changed to --betaines--; and in claim 32, line 3, "surfacants" should be changed to --surfactants--.
- 14. Claims 25, 31, 43 and 45 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. § 112 set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 15. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art of record doesn't disclose or fairly suggest the embodiments of applicants' process in which tin or its dichloride or tetrachloride is used, or in which applicants' colloids are incorporated into sol-gel materials prepared from tetramethoxysilane or mixtures thereof with the other stated tetraalkoxysilane(s).
- 16. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.
- 17. The remaining references listed on the attached Form PTO-892 are cumulative to the references applied herein, and/or further show the state of the art.
- 18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Lovering whose telephone number is (703) 308-0443. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. from 7:30 A.M. to 4:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Dawson, can be reached on (703) 308-2340. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 872-9310.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

R. Lovering:cdc September 23, 2002

RICHARD D. LOVERING V PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 4988 1700